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Record 1 of 1**Title:** Enzymatic Synthesis of Extra Virgin Olive Oil Based Infant Formula Fat Analogues Containing ARA and DHA: One-Stage and Two-Stage Syntheses**Author(s):** Pande, G (Pande, Garima); Sabir, JSM (Sabir, Jamal S. M.); Baeshen, NA (Baeshen, Nabih A.); Akoh, CC (Akoh, Casimir C.)**Source:** JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD CHEMISTRY **Volume:** 61 **Issue:** 44 **Pages:** 10590-10598 **DOI:** 10.1021/jf4036468 **Published:** NOV 6 2013**Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection:** 10**Total Times Cited:** 10**Usage Count (Last 180 days):** 2**Usage Count (Since 2013):** 42**Cited Reference Count:** 42

Abstract: Structured lipids (SLs) with high palmitic acid content at the sn-2 position enriched with arachidonic acid (ARA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) were produced using extra virgin olive oil, tripalmitin, ABA and DHA single cell oil free fatty acids. Four types of SLs were synthesized using immobilized lipases, Novozym 435 and Lipozyme TL IM, based on one-stage (one-pot) and two-stage (sequential) syntheses. The SLs were characterized for fatty acid profile, triacylglycerol (TAG) molecular species, melting and crystallization profiles, tocopherols, and phenolic compounds. All the SLs had >50 mol % palmitic acid at the sn-2 position. The predominant TAGs in all SLs were PPO and OPO. The total tocopherol content of SL1-1, SL1-2, SL2-1, and SL2-2 were 70.46, 68.79, 79.64, and 79.31 $\mu\text{g/g}$, respectively. SL1-2 had the highest melting completion (42.0 degrees C) and crystallization onset (27.6 degrees C) temperatures. All the SLs produced in this study may be suitable as infant formula fat analogues.

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[Sabir, Jamal S. M.; Baeshen, Nabih A.; Akoh, Casimir C.] King Abdulaziz Univ, Fac Sci, Dept Biol Sci, Genom & Biotechnol Sect, Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia.

Reprint Address: Sabir, JSM (reprint author), King Abdulaziz Univ, Fac Sci, Dept Biol Sci, Genom & Biotechnol Sect, Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia.**E-mail Addresses:** jsabir@kau.edu.sa; nabih_baeshen@hotmail.com; cakoh@uga.edu**Author Identifiers:**

Author	ResearcherID Number	ORCID Number
Sabir, Jamal	C-8102-2014	
Akoh, Casimir	F-6460-2011	0000-0002-2323-9298
Fac Sci, KAU, Biol Sci Dept	L-4228-2013	
Faculty of, Sciences, KAU	E-7305-2017	

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